

Mr. Talon, on asking of the king to be finally relieved, had promised Mr. Colbert to take Acadia on the way, and to visit that province. He received a favorable reply, and the minister, on sending him the royal permission to return to France, intimated to him, in his letter of June 4th, 1672, that he would confer a favor on him, by starting as late as possible, and leaving every thing in New France in good order; to which he added that the king strongly approved his design of coming home by way of Acadia. Besides the reasons which had induced the intendant to propose this voyage, a still more important one had arisen.¹

1673-4.

Sir (Thomas) Temple had declared to Mr. Colbert that he wished to retire to the French territory. Mr. Talon had orders to treat with him, and to assure him that his most Christian majesty granted him letters of naturalization, and would bestow still greater favors. Acadia, it was expected, would derive great advantages from this negotiation; but it led to nothing, nor can I discover what defeated it.² The next year Mr. de Chambly succeeded the Chevalier de Grand Fontaine at Pentagoët,³ and he had been at that fort at the most a year, when, on the 10th of August, 1674, an Englishman, who had been for

Mr. Daniel, before 1691, as his widow, Mary Francis Chartier de Lotbiniere, in that year obtained an extension of his Acadian grants. Their daughter, Louise Elizabeth, in 1690, married the Marquis de Vaudreuil, and was summoned to France to direct the education of the princes of the blood. The Joyberts were seigneurs d'Aulnay, Soulanges, etc., in Champagne, and were, perhaps, connected with the early d'Aulnay.

¹ Colbert to Talon, June 4, 1672. The part relating to Temple is omitted in N. Y. Col. Documents, ix., p. 89.

² Sir Thomas Temple, after being

compelled to yield up to France the country from the River Muscongus, in Maine, to Cape Breton, went to England to obtain the indemnity of £16,200 promised him, and died there in 1674, devising his interest to his nephew, Wm. Nelson: N. Y. Col. Doc., ix., p. 75; Hutchinson's Massachusetts, i., 236; Haliburton's Nova Scotia, i., pp. 64-65; Williamson's Maine, i., p. 428.

³ Ordre du roi portant commission au Sieur de Chambly, May 5, 1673: Canada Doc., III., i., p. 42. Yet Grandfontaine seems to have been there later: Canada Documents, II., ii., p. 139.